

# THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME XX.

MAYSVILLE, KY., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1901.

NUMBER 291.

## SCHLEY DOESN'T SHIRK

Assumes All Responsibility For the Loop Made by the Brooklyn.

SAYS IT DECIDED THE ENGAGEMENT.

Gives Several Reasons Why He Made the Move and Calls It a Successful Maneuver—Fifth Day on the Witness Stand.

Washington, Oct. 30.—With the opening of the Schley court of inquiry Admiral Schley began the fifth day of his testimony and the third day of his cross-examination. The prospect was that he would continue on the stand throughout the day. Judge Advocate Lemly still had a long list of typewritten question before him and the different members of the court had prepared questions to be presented to the admiral for his consideration when his examination by counsel concluded. The testimony began where left off Tuesday, taking up different phases of the blockade of Santiago, and passing from that question into the reconnaissance of May 31, when the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon was bombarded. The battle of July 3 was left for the last subject to be considered.

Questioned as to his conversation with Captain Folger, when the latter suggested a circular blockade such as existed at Wei-Wei, the admiral said he thought the fleet at Wei-Wei was larger than his and that there were flanking vessels in that fleet. He was asked whether he did not consider the circular blockade with the vessels pointing in as mobile as the other form in that the ships could move either way by turning with the same helm. The admiral replied that he thought circular blockade where all the vessels charged to the center would produce confusion and inevitably lead to a different arrangement according as the enemy moved east or west. "The outcome," said he, "could only be more or less confusion such as did actually occur later."

Admiral Schley's attention was called to his statement that neither at Cienfuegos nor Santiago had any vessel entered or departed and he was asked how he knew this. He replied that he only knew it because he never heard of any ship getting in. On the north Cuba blockade when a Frenchman succeeded in getting through the blockading line into Havana, the fact had been widely advertised as a great accomplishment. His conclusion, therefore, was that none had entered.

Referring to the reconnaissance at Santiago, Captain Lemly asked:

"Why did you wait two days after the discovery of the presence of the fleet in the harbor before undertaking your reconnaissance?" "For the reason I used those two days for coaling the vessels of the fleet so as to be prepared in case the enemy came out."

Relating the occurrence of the bombardment of the Colon, he said he recalled that Captain Higginson had asked after he (Schley) went aboard the Massachusetts that the bombardment be postponed until after dinner. That he warned some people to get off the turrets and that Lieutenant Potts had given notice that they were on the range. He did not recall, he said, the signal not to go in closer, but it was possible that such a signal had been sent and it had not been recorded. It might be with this as with other signals which had not been recorded, because the writing of them was always deferred until next day. "No man," he said, "except the press correspondents who brave all dangers can always have paper and pencil at hand while a battle is in progress and as a consequence there is a failure to record many occurrences that should be recorded."

At the request of the judge advocate, Admiral Schley read what he wrote to the senate. The letter contained the precautionary order of the department at the opening of the war. He again explained, as he had done before, that when he wrote his communication to the senate he did not have all the records before him. He omitted to mention in that communication, he said, Admiral Sampson's caution at Key West. He had prepared it largely from memory. In further support of his position the admiral read the department instruction of July 13, specifically warning the commander-in-chief against risking armored vessels to the fire of land batteries. He was cross-questioned closely as to all the orders bearing upon this subject.

"In your report of June 1 to the department concerning the reconnaissance, you did not mention any purpose to sink or destroy the Colon?" "I did not."

"But in your telegraphic report, you did say that your purpose was to destroy the Colon?" "Incidentally, yes."

The judge advocate then asked the admiral to tell exactly what his pur-

pose was and also what instructions he had given. Replying that he had testified fully on this subject, he said the signals made indicated the purpose. The signal instructed the ships to use their heavy gun against the Colon. The New Orleans, with her lighter battery, was directed to fire at the shore batteries. The instruction was to go in 7,000 yards and he thought until several days afterward that the ships had gone in to that distance. "I directed the ships to follow the flag to operate against the Colon and fire at the forts to develop them and I think the reconnaissance, so far as it went was eminently successful. The batteries were developed and the fact was demonstrated that the enemy was in port. With a squadron of only five or six ships I believed that only the strongest military necessity would have justified me in risking the loss of a vessel that might have reduced our squadron to a numerical inferiority with the enemy. If one or two of our ships had been crippled the enemy might have come out and engaged us with disastrous results. The development of the facts as to the batteries and ships was, in my opinion, sufficient. The enemy's ships could not get away and they did not get away."

Captain Lemly asked why the mouth of Santiago harbor had not been enflamed and all the ships used May 31. Admiral Schley replied that he had not done so simply because the batteries would have been safe while the ships used thus would have been placed in greater danger, and said: "This is like many arrangements which we might make that we do not make. The question of coaling was so important and had been so strongly urged by the commander-in-chief, I felt that we should lose no opportunity of putting the ships in the highest condition of efficiency."

"Why did you not steam more slowly as you passed the mouth of the harbor?" The witness replied, in a deliberate manner: "Well, that is a technical error that might have been remedied if some one else had been in command. Possibly the firing would have been more effective if we had gone in closer, but if we had and had steamed more slowly, there would have been no gain, as the range would have been narrower. It was a case of tweedle-dee on the one hand and of tweedle-dum on the other."

Captain Lemly at this point passed to the battle of July 3. Admiral Schley's attention was called to Captain Cook's testimony that the night of July 2 he turned in with no intimation that the fleet would come out. The witness said Captain Cook's statement was not in any sense inconsistent with his. He had no intimation that the fleet would come out.

Coming now to the famous loop made by the Brooklyn, Captain Lemly put this question: "Captain Cook gave the order for the turn?" The admiral replied, "Yes."

"You regard that turn as very important do you not?" "I think it was the movement that decided the events of the day."

The admiral said in response to questions he did not mention the loop in his report of the battle. It was an incident of the battle which he had no idea would ever come into controversy. Captain Cook had given the order without orders from him, except under his general instructions to close in and keep somewhere about 1,000 yards outside of the broadside torpedo range. When the time came for the turn, Captain Cook's conception of the movement coincided with his own. Although Captain Cook gave the order he would have done so in a moment had the captain of the Brooklyn failed to do so.

"Do you assume full responsibility for the turn?" "Absolutely. If I did not give the order I approved it," replied the admiral.

Asked where he had, before the beginning of this inquiry, mentioned that during the battle he gave the signal "Follow the flag." Admiral Schley replied: "I think I have kept my mouth pretty close on all these subjects and do not recall speaking of this incident. I distinctly recollect giving the signal and that it was flying for 20 minutes."

"Did the Brooklyn stand in and attempt to sink the Spanish fleet in the channel?" "I started in at first to help the other vessels and to have them help me; I felt if we could stop the Spaniards the battleships could go in and sink them. I never had any idea that they would get away." Continuing he said, in reply to questions, he estimated that the Brooklyn had gone in within a mile to a mile and a half of the mouth of the harbor and was within range of the shore batteries. He thought that from 12 to 14 minutes the flagship had been within a range of less than 2,000 yards from the Spanish ships. "They looked very close," he said.

"When the Colon surrendered why did you not take possession of her and attempt to save her?" "I sent aboard to receive her surrender and was proceeding to do that very thing when the flagship came up. I am satisfied she was all right when she left the eastward."

After some testimony relative to the conversation Schley had with Lieutenant Commander Hodgson, witness stated that he would still say he desired to set Lieutenant Hodgson free, as well as himself, but that he had seen nothing in the department's

pose was and also what instructions he had given. Replying that he had testified fully on this subject, he said the signals made indicated the purpose. The signal instructed the ships to use their heavy gun against the Colon. The New Orleans, with her lighter battery, was directed to fire at the shore batteries. The instruction was to go in 7,000 yards and he thought until several days afterward that the ships had gone in to that distance. "I directed the ships to follow the flag to operate against the Colon and fire at the forts to develop them and I think the reconnaissance, so far as it went was eminently successful. The batteries were developed and the fact was demonstrated that the enemy was in port. With a squadron of only five or six ships I believed that only the strongest military necessity would have justified me in risking the loss of a vessel that might have reduced our squadron to a numerical inferiority with the enemy. If one or two of our ships had been crippled the enemy might have come out and engaged us with disastrous results. The development of the facts as to the batteries and ships was, in my opinion, sufficient. The enemy's ships could not get away and they did not get away."

"You stated in your examination in chief, I believe, that in making the turn, you did not see the starboard side of the Texas?" "I did so absolutely." Admiral Schley, in response to a question, said he never heard of the Texas Incident until six months after the battle.

Repeating to reasons for the loop given by Schley in his letter to the senate to avoid being rammed, in another letter to avoid blanketing the fire of the American ships, and his testimony in chief that it was a maneuver to head off the Spaniards, Captain Lemly said: "Here appear to be three reasons why you made the turn. Why did you make that turn?" "As I already stated in my direct testimony, there is another very much more important reason which you have not asked, and that was the ship might continue in the action and beat the enemy as we did. That was the controlling reason of all."

"Have you stated that?" asked Captain Lemly, to which Admiral Schley replied: "I never stated that, because I thought it was evident. I never stated it for three or four reasons. There are several other reasons we could perhaps conjure up about it. I have stated in relation to the senate document that the matter was prepared very hurriedly and here I have stated the general purpose or at least what the movement was intended to accomplish."

"Did you have each of these various reasons in mind at the time?" "Probably all of them and others."

The judge advocate then took up Admiral Schley's report of the battle made to the department, dated July 16, 1898, attention being called to the statement that after the Viscaya had struck her colors, the signal was made to cease firing and the following sentence: "The Oregon having proved vastly faster than the other battleships, she and the Brooklyn, together with the Texas and another vessel which proved to be your flagship, continued westward in pursuit of the Colon, which had run close in shore, evidently seeking some good spot to beach if she should fail to elude her pursuers."

"You wrote that, asked Captain Lemly. "Yes, and I can explain the whole thing if you will permit me to introduce a preliminary report I made that was returned."

Captain Lemly—"I have no objection to your preliminary report unless it comes under the rule that it was not sent." Admiral Schley—"It was sent and returned." After some colloquy on the subject the court recessed for luncheon. When court resumed, Admiral Schley's press copy book containing a copy of Schley's letter embracing his first report to Sampson was put in by. Captain Lemly but witness was not permitted to read it aloud, merely to refresh his memory by it.

After some sparring by counsel Admiral Schley explained that the original preliminary report of the battle he took to the commander-in-chief and then returned to the Brooklyn. Admiral Sampson then signaled for me to come on board again, he said, "which I did and he handed the report back to me. There was nobody but himself and myself in the cabin at that time and from the conversation I had with him I was led to believe"—

Captain Lemly—"We want the conversation."

Admiral Schley—"He handed it back to me with the statement that he was commander-in-chief and that I had omitted a very important detail—that the New York was not present. I felt that the victory at that time, as I said, was big enough for all and I made this out in generosity and because I knew if the New York had been present she would have done as good work as anyone else."

"When the Colon surrendered why did you not take possession of her and attempt to save her?" "I sent aboard to receive her surrender and was proceeding to do that very thing when the flagship came up. I am satisfied she was all right when she left the eastward."

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Admiral Dewey announced that the court had a few questions.

At the conclusion of the cross-examination, there was placed in evidence the telegram sent by Admiral Schley to the department July 10, saying in substance that he did not desire to assume entire credit for the victory of July 3 and that the victory belonged to the fleet under the command of Admiral Sampson. In reply to a question from Captain Parker he said he had taken this dispatch to Admiral Sampson, "who stated that he was very glad that I had sent it and thought it was very generous."

"Who was generous?" asked Captain Parker. "I, of course."

Then followed the questions by the court, a long list of categorical questions pertaining to the blockade of Cienfuegos, coaling, the retrograde movement, the return to Santiago, the reconnaissance at Santiago, etc., etc.

The last question of the court was as follows: "Where could the Spanish squadron have taken refuge if it had come out of the harbor at Santiago and steered to the southward?" "It could have gone to Jamaica, but I should imagine that after having gone sufficiently far to evade me, the Spanish fleet could have skirted around to the westward, knowing that Admiral Sampson had left Havana for the east."

Then, at 3:08 p. m., Admiral Schley was finally excused and at 3:10 p. m., there being no other witnesses present, the court adjourned for the day.

## THE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

Members Enjoy a Pleasant Day as Guests of Dr. Cook of Wedonia—Interesting Essay by Dr. Ellis.

The meeting of the Mason County Medical Society at Wedonia yesterday was well attended, and extreme interest was manifested in the proceedings, from the admirable essay by Dr. Ellis which opened the meeting to the sumptuous dinner served by the host, Dr. Cook, at the close.

The essay was nominally a scientific dissertation upon "trachoma"—(an obstinate eye disease)—but included, likewise, one of the essayist's inimitable variety talks upon some things as well as others. His reminiscences of hospital life in London were especially entertaining.

Among the reports of cases was a very interesting case of a gun shot wound, in which a ball from an Enfield rifle entered the right side five inches below the right nipple and passed directly through the body, being removed from beneath the skin at a point nearly opposite the point of entrance. The patient made a perfect recovery and was present at the meeting to confirm the report by exhibiting his scars. The wound was not probed nor hermetically sealed. No meddlesome surgery was allowed, and nature did the rest.

The other regular essayist Dr. Taulbee was unable to be present, owing to pressing business engagements and the very serious illness of his son.

The meeting in its social aspects was peculiarly agreeable, and the generous host will always be remembered by his

hilarious confreres as an accomplished

connoisseur of distillate, vintage and brew.

His liberal views upon the physiology of hard drink will tend to encourage an occasional indulgence in alcoholic excess.

"For shallow draughts intoxicate the brain,

"Tis drinking deep that sober us again."

By invitation of Dr. Alexander Hunter the next meeting of the society will be held at the ancient town of Washington.

Twenty leading life insurance companies of the United States which operate in Kentucky are plaintiffs in as many actions filed in the Franklin Circuit Court Wednesday against the State Board of Valuation and Assessment, in which they seek to restrain that body from fixing or attempting to fix a value on the alleged franchise of each company for the purposes of taxation, under a newly operative statute.

The reputed statement of Caleb Powers that B. S. Calvert, a member of the jury which tried and convicted him at Georgetown, was not a schoolmate of his as claimed by Calvert, is disproved by the records at the State College. The records show that Caleb Powers and B. S. Calvert were schoolmates at the college in 1887. Calvert, it will be remembered, said he was a schoolmate of Powers and a personal friend, but that the evidence against him was so strong that he was bound to believe him guilty. Powers then gave out a statement in which he said he never went to school with Calvert.

## SHRINK SILVER COINS

Ten Replate Them and Pass Them at Their Full Face Value.

## LIGHT DOLLARS AND HALF DOLLARS.

Secret Service Officials Asked to Run Down the Sharks Who are Tampering With Uncle Sam's Coin. How the Scheme is Worked.

New York, Oct. 30.—The New York sub-treasury has asked the aid of the Washington secret service bureau in running down those persons who are responsible for the flood of light weight silver half dollar and dollar pieces recently discovered in this city. The method employed by the operator is unique and in effect similar to the "sweating" of gold coin, once so common, with the addition that the silver coins are plated. The lightened coins retaining the original appearance are again placed in circulation, requiring a trained eye and an experienced touch to discover that they have been tampered with. After a bit of the wear and tear money undergoes, the coins which have been operated upon reveal their lightness at once and are usually refused acceptance. It is not permissible for the government to redeem the coins at their face value of course, so that their intrinsic worth is much less than the amount for which they have passed current.

Electro platers who have made a specialty of silverware use bar silver for their purpose. In place of the crude metal, it is explained, several small firms have utilized silver coins of the half dollar denomination, having obtained them by deposit on the articles being plated, and use the money again at its face value. By this operation, they gain the cost of the silver used in plating and as coin metal is practically pure, they are able to put a finer and more expensive finish upon the goods than if bar metal were used.

Hessian Waiters Deported.

New York, Oct. 30.—The immigration authorities in Washington a week ago ordered the deportation of a number of Hessian waiters, alleged to have been brought into this country under contract to work for a local hotel. Recently Commissioner Fitchie on the appeal of a firm of lawyers, decided to reopen the case and assigned a special board of inquiry to hear the testimony. The hearing was secret, but it was learned that this special board affirmed the decision of the Washington authorities. The authorities have filed notice of an appeal to the secretary of the treasury, who has, according to advices from Washington, ordered them to be deported.

Smiley Gets Clear.

Chicago, Oct. 30.—Frank H. Smiley, who turned state's evidence in the Defenbach insurance case, was given his liberty Wednesday. He relinquished all rights to the \$5,000 insurance on Marie Defenbach's life. This ends the criminal proceedings in the case, as Dr. August M. Unger is in the penitentiary, and Wayland Brown was previously let off with a fine. The insurance money is still in the hands of the court and will probably, it is said, go to the unfortunate girl's relatives.

Redmond's Plain Talk.

London, Oct. 30.—William H. Redmond, M. P., in a speech at Claremorris, County Mayo, Ireland, said: "The Irishman today is not like the sturdy Transvaal burgher. Unfortunately he is unable to shoulder a Mauser and to knock the fear of God into England's hirings and ministers. But the day is perhaps not far distant when he may take a man's part in the restoration of the rights and liberties of which Ireland has been so unjustly deprived."

"Over" War Not Over Yet.

London, Oct. 30.—Lord Kitchener in a dispatch from Pretoria dated Oct. 29 says Colonel Byng surprised a Boer command Oct. 25 and captured 22 prisoners, including Field Cornets Spannberg and Onsthuizen. Colonel Fortescue, the dispatch adds, had a day-long running fight with Muller's Boer command Oct. 27, northwards of Balmoral. He killed four Boers and captured 54 prisoners, 36 wagons and much stock.

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## EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.  
ROSSER & McCARTHY,  
Proprietors.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE OF DAILY.  
One month..... \$5 Three months..... \$15  
Six months..... \$15 One year..... \$30

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1901.

### THE WEATHER RECORD.

[For the 24 hours ending at 6:30 a. m.]  
State of weather..... Clear  
Highest temperature..... 81  
Lowest temperature..... 41  
Mean temperature..... 61  
Wind direction..... Southerly  
Rainfall (in inches)..... .00  
Previously reported this month..... .98  
Total for October to date..... .98  
Oct. 31, 10 a. m.—Rain late to-night and probably Friday. Under Friday.

### DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Representative,  
JOHN W. ALEXANDER.  
For County Judge,  
CHARLES D. NEWELL.  
For County Clerk,  
CLARENCE L. WOOD.  
For County Attorney,  
FRANK P. O'DONNELL.  
For Sheriff,  
JAMES R. ROBERTSON.  
For Jailer,  
W. W. McILVAINE.  
For Superintendent of Schools,  
C. D. WELLS.  
For Assessor,  
WM. H. HAWES.  
For Coroner,  
JOS. D. WOOD.

For Justice of the Peace,

First District—W. B. Grant.  
Second District—Frank Dresel.  
Third District—J. E. Dill.  
Fourth District—J. J. Thompson.  
Fifth District—John Cochran.  
Sixth District—John H. Clark.  
Seventh District—Wm. H. Rice.  
Eighth District—Samuel T. Farrow.  
For Constable,  
First District—W. H. Sours.  
Second District—John B. Fleming.  
Third District—J. G. Osborne.  
Fourth District—J. M. Evans.  
Fifth District—Wm. Lane.  
Sixth District—R. M. Alexander.  
Seventh District—W. L. Tingle.  
Eighth District—Clarence W. Dickson.

Don't forget that the polls close at 4 o'clock next Tuesday. Vote early.

### Methods of the Steel Trust.

[Portland, Me., Argus.]

President Schwab of the steel trust is quoted by Joseph Lawrence, a member of parliament, as stating that the trust could deliver steel billets in England for \$16.50 per ton, which is \$2.50 under the lowest price for which British manufacturers can produce them. Meanwhile the price of steel billets in this country is scheduled by the treasury department at \$20 to \$27 at Pittsburg, for cash. And the trust is enabled to make this enormous discrimination in favor of the foreign consumer simply by reason of the 45 per cent. protection it receives through the Dingley tariff.

POVNTZ BROS. are the only Maysville distillers selling pure liquors by the quart, gallon or barrel, direct from distillery to consumer. Seven-year-old whisky \$2 per gallon. Age and quality guaranteed. Get the best. Office 126 Market street—Watson's old stand.

### PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. James Adair are visiting in Bourbon.

Rev. J. J. Dickey and wife will return to their home at Washington this week.

Mr. Charles Roads attended the Dartington-Clarke nuptials at Millersburg Wednesday.

Mr. Lon White and sister, Miss Lydia, of Germantown, have been visiting relatives of Mayslieck.

Col. and Mrs. Charles Phister have returned home after an extended visit to their son at Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Goodman, of White Sulphur, Scott County, are visiting relatives in this county.

Mr. Harry Alpert left Tuesday for his home at Atlantic City, after spending a few weeks here with relatives.

Miss Elma Hunter went to Millersburg Tuesday to attend the wedding of Rev. Mr. Darlington and Miss Lida Clark.

Mrs. Barbara Diener Holtz has returned from Portsmouth where she went to attend the funeral of her brother, Henry Haag.

Mrs. John G. Wadsworth has returned home after spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. E. H. Kenner, of Flemingsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Willson January leave to-day to make their home at Denver. A host of friends sincerely regret their departure.

Mr. Chas. Sames and sister, Mrs. Lula, of Xenia, O., have been spending several days with their cousin, Mrs. Garrett and Jessie Worthington, of Mayslick.

The C. E. Society of Mill Creek Christian Church will give a declamatory contest December 13, open to the counties of Fleming and Mason. Contestants must be under twenty. A gold medal will be given to the best declaimer. Send applications to Mrs. John Willett, North Fork, Mason County, Ky., not later than November 20.

### A Fiendish Attack.

An attack was lately made on C. F. Collier of Cherokee, Iowa, that nearly proved fatal. It came through his kidneys. His back got so lame he could not stoop without great pain nor sit in a chair except propped by cushions. No remedy helped him until he tried Electric Bitters which effected such a wonderful change that he writes he feels like a new man. This marvelous medicine cures backache and kidney trouble, purifies the blood and builds up your health. Only 50¢ at J. Jas. Wood & Son's.

# SATISFACTION!

That's it—satisfaction in quality, quantity and price. Satisfaction in every department and especially among the New Woolen Fabrics for the tailor gown. For general utility it is the gown without a rival. Our fall goods are rich in new styles, new colors, new weaves especially manufactured for this popular costume.

### The Fedora Glove!

"The Very Best" is the motto of these beautiful gloves. They represent the highest achievement of glove making. The kidskins are the finest and choicest France has grown and dressed. The glove making is by the best Frenchmen in the craft. No kid glove at any price can be better. The new Fedoras are here. For evening and dress wear the daintiest and most delicate colors. For utility the smartest styles, heavier, pique stitched and of course in more serviceable colors. The new stitching shows some handsome effects. The colors are light and dark gray, several shades of tan from very light to very dark, cream, rouge, fawn, castor, reeda, dark blue and soft lustrous black. Two clasps, \$1.

Splendid gloves for men too at \$1.

### Daintiness For a Dollar!

We have something very new and well worth seeing. It's an underskirt made of a rich fast black satin mercerized fabric, ruffled, corded and flounced in a fascinating way. It's worth at least a dollar and a quarter. Every size all with Poco label, \$1.

### WALKING SKIRTS.

Picture in your mind's eye a jaunty, practical skirt that hangs with all the grace that characterizes the work of the best Tailors. The skirts are a little longer than they were worn last year therefore pleasing to a greater number of women. They are finished in various fancy stitched designs. Colors, oxford, black, blue and tan. The most serviceable and most popular shades. \$5, \$5.75, \$7.

## D. HUNT & SON.

### SPECIAL REGISTRATION.

A Total of 134 Votes Added to the List of Qualified Electors This Week—Democrats in the Lead.

At the special registration this week a total of 134 voters were added to the list of qualified electors. Up to 9 a. m. Wednesday 112 had been added to the list and during the rest of the day Wednesday twenty-two more made the required oath and were enrolled.

Following shows the total in the various wards at the special registration, with political affiliation:

First Ward—Democrats, 8; Republicans, 1; Non-committal, 13. Total, 22.  
Second Ward—Democrats, 13; Republicans, 3; Non-committal, 8. Total, 21.  
Third Ward—Democrats, 8; Republicans, 5; Non-committal, 4. Total, 17.  
Fourth Ward—Democrats, 13; Republicans, 6; Non-committal, 7. Total, 26.  
Fifth Ward—Democrats, 8; Republicans, 10; Non-committal, 11. Total, 29.  
Sixth Ward—Democrats, 3; Republicans, 8; Non-committal, 5. Total, 16.

This makes the grand total in the various wards as follows:

First Ward—Democrats, 98; Republicans, 15; Non-committal, 53. Total, 226.  
Second Ward—Democrats, 99; Republicans, 122; Non-committal, 42. Total, 263.  
Third Ward—Democrats, 120; Republicans, 67; Non-committal, 29. Total, 216.  
Fourth Ward—Democrats, 150; Republicans, 116; Non-committal, 37. Total, 303.  
Fifth Ward—Democrats, 98; Republicans, 181; Non-committal, 35. Total, 314.  
Sixth Ward—Democrats, 118; Republicans, 131; Non-committal, 27. Total, 279.

### KUMMARY.

Democrats ..... 683  
Republicans ..... 663  
Non-committal ..... 233

Total ..... 1,601

This gives the Democrats a lead of 18 over the Republicans. A year ago the grand total registration was:

Democrats ..... 677  
Republicans ..... 757  
Non-committal ..... 227

Total ..... 1,661

The total registered vote this year is 60 less than a year ago. Democrats gain 6, Republicans lose 92. There is an increase of 26 in the non-committal.

### The Peanut as a Civilizer.

#### [Exchange.]

Mention was made some time ago of peanut as a nutritious article of food. Now it comes into prominence as a means of carrying the art of agriculture into the wilds of Africa. Some of the traders there give a native a bushel of the nuts as seed, on the condition that he shall return four bushels from his crop. Of course he is supplied with the simple instructions needed to enable him to plant and cultivate, and the experiment has thus far been in every way successful. The negro enters into the thing with an interest that is astonishing, and the enormous yield—about twenty bushels for the one he plants—makes him eager to keep on planting, year after year. The shipment from a single nation in Senegambia, in good years, is from 25,000 to 30,000 tons of nuts. Thus is love of agriculture encouraged in darkest Africa.

### River News.

Navigation between Pittsburgh and Wheeling is completely suspended.

Packets now in up-river trade are using lighters, on which to transport freight.

Capt. Sam Parsons, of the Helen Gould, is in Cincinnati. He may place his boat in a low-water trade.

The White Collar Line has chartered the steamer Kanawha, a light-water boat. She will be out within a few days in the Pomeroy trade.

Dr. G. M. Williams has been granted another patent for a dental implement.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Donovan, of Minerva, October 24th, a fine son—Leslie Cliff Donovan. Mother and child doing well.

Mr. W. W. McIlvain has been appointed Jailer to fill the vacancy caused by the death of his father, and has qualified, with Messrs. Robert G. Humphreys and John T. Parker as sureties.

The funeral of the late Isaac L. McLain takes place at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the family residence on West Third street, Rev. Cleon Keyes officiating. Interment in the Maysville Cemetery.

Mr. L. E. Hughes has resigned the position of cashier in the C. & O. freight office at this point and gone to Kitchell, Ind., to accept a more lucrative position with one of the roads of that State. Mr. Tuce Willett succeeds him as cashier at the C. & O. freight office, a position Mr. Willett held a few years ago. Tuce's friends will be glad to learn he is back in his old place.

### COMMISSIONER'S SALE!

#### MASON CIRCUIT COURT.

John G. Zweigart, Plaintiff in Equity. S. E. Martin and als., Defendants.

In obedience to judgments and orders of sale of the Mason Circuit Court, rendered in the above mentioned cause at the June and November terms, 1898, and June term, 1901, I shall, on Saturday, November 16, 1901,

at 2 o'clock p. m. at the court house door in Maysville, Ky., proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months, the following real property, to-wit: That certain tract of land known as the farm of S. E. Martin, situated lying and being in Mason County, Ky., bounded on the northeast by the lands of Charles Hill, north by the lands of Wyat Owens, south by the North Fork of Licking river, southeast by the lands of Harrison Poe and als., south by the lands of Arthur Pyle, and west by the lands of Mary Rose, and west by Charles Hill's land, containing 501 acres, 3 rods and 18 poles. Land will be offered as a whole and in parcels, and be sold so as to realize the greatest price; or sufficient thereof to produce the sum of money to be made and probable costs to wit: \$10,200. The purchaser must be prepared to promptly execute bond, with approved security, for the purchase price, which bond shall bear legal interest from day of sale until paid.

C. BURGE, PLAT. GARRET S. WALL, Attorney for Plaintiff.

The farm of the late Joseph T. Frazer, deceased, is now offered for sale privately. Said farm contains 168 acres and is located one mile from Germantown on the Germantown and Minerva turnpike road. This farm has upon it a good dwelling house, two tobacco barns, stock barn, corn cribs and other necessary outbuildings. The land is in a high state of cultivation and is No. 1 Mason County land: convenient to schools and churches. Full possession will be given March 1st, 1902. Terms of sale will be one-third cash, balance in one and two years; notes bearing interest, with the privilege of paying all cash.

JOHN W. ALEXANDER, For self and heirs of W. H. Alexander, deceased.

OCT. 30TH, 1901.

At 2 o'clock p. m., the farm of the late W. H. Alexander, deceased. Said farm contains 192 acres, and is located on the Maysville and Mt. Sterling turnpike, seven miles from Maysville, near Lewisburg; one mile from railroad station: convenient to schools and churches. This farm has upon it a good dwelling of eight rooms; a smoke house, tobacco barn, corn crib, cow house, granary, house, two carlins, garden, three good tenant houses on the place, and the fencing good; fifty acres of the land is sown in wheat, the balance is in grass. This is an opportunity to buy as good a farm as there is in the county. Full possession will be given March 1st, 1902. Terms of sale will be one-third cash, balance in one and two years; notes bearing interest, with the privilege of paying all cash.

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# Friday is Bargain Day!

## MERZ BROS.

KINGS OF LOW PRICES

### MR. WM. O'BRIEN.

Citizen Succumbs to an Attack of Bright's Disease After an Illness of Several Weeks.

Mr. William O'Brien, whose serious condition was mentioned some days ago, died Wednesday morning at 4:40 o'clock at the family residence, 347 East Fourth street, of Bright's disease. He had been ill for ten weeks.

Mr. O'Brien was born in the city of Limerick, Ireland, and was in the eighty-second year of his age. He had been a resident of Maysville for more than fifty years, and was a man of industrious habits and upright character. His wife survives, and he leaves four children.—Dr. J. J. O'Brien, of Kansas City, Sister M. Genevieve, teacher of music at Cardome, near Georgetown, Ky., and Miss Kate and Mr. Daniel O'Brien, of this city.

The funeral will take place at 9 o'clock Friday morning at St. Patrick's Church, the interment following, in the cemetery at Washington.

### Banker Routs a Robber.

J. R. Garrison, Cashier of the bank of Thorntown, O., has been robbed of health by a serious lung trouble until he tried Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. Then he wrote: "It is the best medicine I ever used for a severe cold or a bad case of lung trouble. I always keep a bottle on hand." Don't suffer with coughs, colds, or any throat, chest or lung trouble when you can be cured so easily. Only 50 cents and \$1. Trial bottles free at J. Jas. Wood & Son's drug store.

Robbing meat houses is quite an industry these times out about Washington and a goodly number seem to be following the business.

## SPECIAL VALUES

IN GOOD WINTER

## BOOTS and SHOES



Goods not to be found in every store. They are made solid and well, easy-fitting and flat and firm on the ground. At the prices we are offering them they are worth more to you than your money.



## BARKLEY'S!

IF YOU ARE WISE, LOOK AHEAD. Nearly everybody knows that Xmas is coming. Nearly everyone intends making some "dear one" or "dear friend" a token of remembrance, and remember "in time of peace prepare for war." We place on sale this Friday one hundred

## Ladies' Umbrellas,

every handle different; newest and nobbiest effects. Most merchants would ask \$3 for same. \$2.50 we think is a fair price. We ask you to look them over and compare the quality and handles with the best values you see elsewhere. Remember FRIDAY ONLY you can take your choice at

**\$1.35**

## MERZ BROS.

PROP'S OF BEE HIVE.

### MR. WM. O'BRIEN.

Vote for F. Devine for member of Board of Education.

Jr. O. U. A. M. dance Friday night Neptune Hall. Admission 50 cents.

If you have the city's interest at heart vote for John Dergach for Councilman in the First ward.

August Lewis and Anna Jackson, colored, were married last night by Rev. Oliver H. Nelson.

Capt. John S. Foster of the Fourth Ohio Cavalry was seriously injured in a runaway at Springfield, O., last week.

If you want strictly pure imported olive oil in original packages go to Cheno-weth's drug store. Price 35c. to \$1.25.

Mr. James Rees' smoke-house near Washington was broken into one night this week and nine large hams carried off.

The fine farm of the late W. H. Alexander containing 192 acres near Lewisburg, will be sold at public auction Nov. 28th, at 2 p. m.

A. P. Plummer, of Poplar Plains, and Miss Tillie Weedon, of Flemingsburg, were married at Covington this week by Rev. F. B. Swindler.

Mr. John Breeze, an uncle of the Messrs. Breeze, of this city, died this week at Mt. Carmel. He is survived by his wife and nine children.

What's Your Face Worth?

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, all signs of liver trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25 cents at J. Jas. Wood & Son's drug store.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Maes has been selected to assist at the coronation of Rt. Rev. T. J. Conaty as Bishop of Samos, a famous port in the Ionian archipelago, in the Grecian sea, and under the jurisdiction of the Archbishop of Rhodes. The consecration will take place at the Catholic University in Washington City Sunday, November 24.

Ladies' 14k. gold watch, O size, with Elgin or Waltham works \$15; 10k. watch for lady, Elgin or Waltham works, \$12; ladies' 14k. gold-filled watch, twenty-five year guarantee, Elgin or Waltham works, \$10.50. Compare prices with others. These are the lowest prices ever offered on these watches.—Murphy, the jeweler, leader of low prices.

Milt Thompson, of Greenup, met pretty Miss Hern Aldrich on the street at Portsmouth while she was on her way to work. After a street car ride, the couple repaired to the court house and were married. They then boarded the first steamboat for the groom's home. The girl's parents have never seen Thompson.

Capt. L. Vern Williams, of Ripley, is expected home soon from the Philippines. He reached San Francisco Oct. 28th.

Ray's Cough Syrup is guaranteed to cure. At Postoffice Drug Store.

# See the Best!

AND THE BEST OF THE BEST THAT HAS EVER BEEN OFFERED IN CLOTHING READY TO WEAR.

Discriminating people will appreciate the snappy style, the exquisite fit and the splendid tailoring of our high class SUITS and OVERCOATS, which bear the labels of the best manufacturers of Rochester, New York. There is no ready-made Clothing that can compete with them in any respect.

No one who is interested in dressing well at an economical cost should neglect our invitation to inspect our Rochester Clothing. The same brands you will find in our Boys' and Children's department, and lots of them. Our Hat trade is running away with us. Hardly a day that we do not get in the newest shapes that Stetson gets out.

In our furnishing goods department you will find what you want. The best of Footwear at right prices has built up our Shoe trade beyond our expectations. Hanan & Son and W. L. Douglas are our leaders. If you know these brands no need to say more. If you do not, try a pair; you will walk comfortable, and that's more than you do in some Shoes.

In another day or two we will have the pleasure to show you the handsomest "front" in the State.

## D. HECHINGER & CO.

### THE HOME STORE

Vote for Geo. Schwartz for School Trustee.

Attention is called to the advertisement of Master Commissioner Taylor. On Nov. 16th, at 2 p. m., at court house door, he will sell the Mastin farm, near Hebron, at public auction.

The State Board of Valuation has decided that 8 per cent. of the income of each guaranteed and security company's operations in this State shall be the basis for taxation. Some companies will have to pay \$1,000 yearly as franchise tax and back taxes for nine years.

The C. and O.'s net earnings for September were \$605,005, an increase of \$31,775.

The choicest collection of hand-painted china ever shown in Maysville is now displayed in Ballenger's window. He will be pleased to show you and give prices.

The Louisville Commercial Club is preparing to make a fight before the next Legislature for a modification of the double-liability law in Kentucky so as to make it applicable to banks and trust companies only.

## 1901-CITY TAXES-1901

Ten per cent. will be added to all city taxes not paid before November 1st.

## JAMES W. FITZGERALD, CITY TREASURER.

# GREAT Bargain Week!

AT THE NEW YORK STORE

of Hays & Co. We have too many goods and want the money for them.

### DRY GOODS.

Good heavy cotton 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ c., dark and light outtings, worth 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ c., now 5c.; a splendid assortment of outtings, 10c. quality now 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.; new style flannellettes, for waists, regular 15c. goods, our price 10c.; good calicoes 4c., heavy cotton flannel 5c., table linen 17c., worth 25c., table linen worth 30c., our price 25c.

Dress Goods cheaper than at other places: Wool dress goods, most any color you wish, 25c. a yard; very fine wool dress goods 40c.; the new golf cloth, 54 inches wide, worth 75c., our price 49c.; fine black cloth for coat suits 50c., worth 75c.

### FURNISHINGS.

Ladies' heavy fleeced line hose 10c., ladies' good heavy vests 15c., worth 25c.; ladies' union suits 24c.; men's heavy underwear, shirts and drawers, 25c., worth 40c.; men's extra heavy very fine fleeced lined only 48c.; men's very fine percale shirts, stiff and soft bosoms, elegant patterns, only 49c.; men's heavy fleeced line half hose, 10c. Men's unbuttoned white shirts, assorted sizes, 48c. quality this week 25c. Men's Wool socks 10c.

### JACKETS AND FURS.

A good Jacket at \$8.75; a wool Beaver Jacket \$5; very fine Jackets \$7 and \$8, worth \$12.

### FURS.

We undersell anybody in Furs. We buy them right. A good Fur Scarf \$1; a fine Collarette \$2.

### CAPES.

See our Capes. Price 75c. and up. Plush Capes up to \$8.

### SKIRTS.

See our Walking Skirts with flounce \$1.98; very fine Walking Skirts with flounce—colors black, grey and blue; worth \$5, our price \$3.49.

### SHOES.

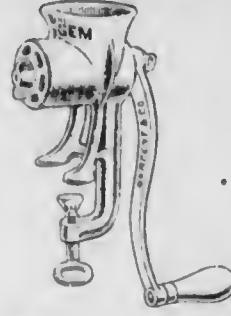
Our shoe stock must be reduced. Children's good heavy shoes for 49c.; men's good work shoes 90c.; ladies' heavy glove grain shoes, common and plain toe, 98c.; ladies' fine dongoa shoe, regular \$1.75 quality, now \$1.24.

## HAYS & CO.

Maysville's Cut Price Store!

# An Exposition of Seasonable Things!

**Received,**



Another lot of Sargent's Gem Food Chopper, which saves time and adds to the pleasure of housekeeping.

Fine Brass Fire Sets,  
Beautiful Decorated Coal Vases,  
Fire Guards, Shovels, Pokers and Tongs,  
Single and Double Barrel Shot-Guns, Rifles, Pistols,  
Shells Loaded with either DuPont's Black or Smokeless Powder.  
Cartridges, Hunting Coats, Vests and Leggings,  
Meat Cutters, Sausage Stuffers,  
Butcher Knives.



**FRANK OWENS HARDWARE COMPANY**

**ANSWER IT HONESTLY.**

Are the Statements of Maysville Citizens  
Not More Reliable Than Those of  
Utter Strangers?

This is a vital question.  
It is fraught with interest to Maysville.  
It permits of only one answer.  
It cannot be evaded or ignored.  
A Maysville citizen speaks here,  
Speaks for the welfare of Maysville.  
A citizen's statement is reliable.  
An utter stranger's doubtful.

Home proof is the best proof.  
Mr. Robert Wise, of Forest avenue,  
says: "Doan's Kidney Pills are, from the  
evidence I have, a sure cure for backache.  
I say this not only from my own experience,  
but also from that of several others  
who have received the greatest benefit  
from the treatment. I suffered from  
pains in the back, a disordered condition  
of the kidney secretions and symptoms  
of an inflamed condition of the bladder.  
Procuring Doan's Kidney Pills from J.  
Jas. Wood & Son's drug store, corner of  
West Second and Market streets, they  
gave me quick and effective relief."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents.  
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole  
agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and  
take no substitute.

Companions of the Fraternal Order of  
America are notified to meet at G. A. R.  
ball to-night at 7 o'clock for payment of  
dues and to consider important business.  
PERCY HOLLIDAY, W. C.

Stepped Into Live Coals.  
"When a child I burned my foot frightfully," writes W. H. Eads, of Jonesville,  
Va., "which caused horrible leg sores for  
thirty years, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve  
wholly cured me after everything else  
failed." Infallible for burns, scalds, cuts,  
sores, bruises and piles. Sold by J. Jas.  
Wood & Son. 25c.

**ANNUAL CONVENTION,**

Mason County Branch of Kentucky Sunday  
School Association to be Held at M.  
E. Church, South, Maysville, November 9th.

The morning session will be from 10  
o'clock to 12 o'clock, noon. Lunch from  
12 to 1:30 o'clock for delegates, ministers,  
superintendents and county and magis-  
terial district officers. Addressees are  
limited to fifteen minutes. Following is  
the program that has been arranged:

**MORNING SESSION.**

Devotional exercises—Rev. J. B. Hooley.

Music.—"The Prime Object of Sunday School Work"—

Rev. H. F. Seary.

Music.—"The County Sunday School Work"—Rev. J. A. Sawyer.

Music.—"A Twentieth Century Sunday School!"—Prof. A. E. Fox.

Music.—Appointment of committees and reports from the Sunday schools of the county.

Adjournment for dinner.

**AFTERNOON SESSION.**

Reports from committees and election of of-  
ficers for ensuing year.

"The Development of the Sunday School"—

Rev. T. S. Buckingham.

"The Relation of the Parent to the Sunday

School!"—Rev. W. T. Spears.

"The State Sunday School Work"—Prof. E. A. Fox.

Violin solo—Miss Lida Rogers.

The Question Basket—Prof. E. A. Fox.

Closing prayer and benediction—Rev. M. S. Clark.

The following services are to be under  
the auspices of the Pastors' Union of  
Maysville:

Sunday, Nov. 10th, Sunday school mass meet-  
ing at 3 p. m., at M. E. Church, South, Second  
street.

Union service of all the churches at the Central  
Presbyterian Church, Third street, at 7 p. m.

Joseph McGinley and Miss Bertha  
Morey, of Murphysville, were married  
Wednesday by Rev. F. W. Harrop.

**PITHY POINTS.**

It looks like Admiral Schley had caught some  
of his would-be defamers and villains in that  
loop.

Some people imagine they have great interest  
in the heathen, when they have no regard for  
their neighbors across the alley.

That loop appears to have been a boomerang  
in the hands of the gang who have so persistently hounded Admiral Schley.

Any honest, high-minded Kentuckian would  
be above seeking and craving the protection of  
Durbin, and the blood of shame would mantle  
his cheek to put in such a position of humili-  
ation and contempt. But Taylor, without a spark  
of manhood and with a cowardly conscience on  
account of his complicity in the assassination of  
Governor Goebel, considers this a great boon  
and privilege, and suffers nothing like shame or  
loss of self respect at the plight in which he finds  
himself. Verify he should be covered with  
shame and confusion when he meets Durbin on  
the streets or elsewhere.

Between the ages of fifteen and forty-five, the  
time when womanhood begins and motherhood  
ends, it is estimated that the aggregate term of  
woman's suffering is ten years. Ten years out of  
thirty! One third of the best part of a woman's  
life sacrificed! Think of the enormous loss of  
time! But time is not all that is lost. Those  
years of suffering steal the bloom from the  
cheeks, the brightness from the eyes, the fair-  
ness from the form. They write their record in  
many a crease and wrinkle. What a boon then  
to woman, in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription!

It promotes perfect regularity, dries up debilitating  
drains, heals ulceration, cures female weak-  
ness, and establishes the delicate womanly  
organs in vigorous and permanent health. No  
other medicine can do for woman what is done  
by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

**CINCINNATI MARKET.**

Cincinnati — Wheat: No. 2 red, 74c.

Corn—No. 2 mixed, 60¢/61c. Oats—No. 2

mixed, 39¢/39½c. Rye—No. 2, 56½c. Lard

—\$8.55. Beef Meats—\$8.55. Bacon—\$9.75.

Hogs — \$3.75/6.20. Cattle — \$1.75/8.25.

Sheep — \$1.00/2.85. Lambs — \$2.00/4.25.

A column of advertising space is like a block  
of marble in the rough, and there is no known  
limit to the things that may be carved out of it.

Printers' Ink.

Advertising at the present time is as much a  
part of business as is buying and selling.

**ANNOUNCEMENT.**

**CITY OFFICERS.**

**FOR MAYOR.**  
We are authorized to announce W. E. STALL-  
CUP as a candidate for re-election as Mayor of  
the city of Maysville, at the November election,  
1901.

We are authorized to announce GEORGE W.  
CROWELL of the Fifth ward as a candidate for  
Mayor at the ensuing November election, sub-  
ject to the decision of the people at the polls.

**FOR POLICE JUDGE.**

We are authorized to announce JOHN L.  
WHITAKER as a candidate for Police Judge of  
the city of Maysville.

We are authorized to announce W. HENRY  
WADSWORTH as a candidate for Judge of the  
Police Court of the city of Maysville at the No-  
vember election, 1901, subject to the action of the  
voters of the city.

We are authorized to announce H. C. CURRAN  
as a candidate for Police Judge of the city of  
Maysville at the November election, 1901.

We are authorized to announce JOHN D. ROE  
as a candidate for Police Judge at the approach-  
ing November election, 1901.

**FOR CITY TREASURER.**

We are authorized to announce JAMES W.  
FITZGERALD as a candidate for re-election as  
City Treasurer, at the November election, 1901.

**FOR CHIEF OF POLICE.**

To the voters of the city of Maysville, Ky.: At the  
solicitation of our friends we are authorized to  
offer ourselves as a candidate for the office of Chief of  
Police of the city at the election to be held in  
November, 1901. Your support is respectfully  
solicited.

R. P. D. THOMPSON.

We are authorized to announce M. J. DONO-  
VAN as a candidate for re-election as Chief of  
Police at November election, 1901.

**CITY CLERK.**

We are authorized to announce J. L. DAUL-  
TON as a candidate for re-election to the office of  
City Clerk at the November election, 1901,  
subject to the action of the Republican primary.

We are authorized to announce JOHN J.  
ODONNELL as a candidate for City Clerk at the  
November election, 1901.

**CITY ASSESSOR.**

We are authorized to announce JAMES STEW-  
ART as a candidate for re-election to the office of  
City Assessor at the November election, 1901,  
subject to the action of the Republican primary.

We are authorized to announce JOHN B. ORK,  
(the carpenter) as a candidate for City Assessor  
at the November election, 1901.

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM M.  
DAUGHERTY as a candidate for City Assessor at  
the November election, 1901.

We are authorized to announce JAMES L.  
FINERTY as a candidate for City Assessor at the  
November election, 1901.

Postum coffee—Calhoun's.

**BEST  
BARGAINS  
IN**

**DINNER and  
TOILET WARE!**

Lamps, Salads, Cakes, Chops, Jardines,  
and a new line of Fire Proof Baking Dishes.

See our 5 and 10c. counters.

**BROWN'S China Palace**

No. 40 West Second Street,  
Maysville, Ky.

**POSITIVELY THE LARGEST  
ASSORTMENT  
OF**

**SOLID SILVER FLATWARE**

Ever shown in the city, embracing  
such patterns as Gorham's Rose, Lan-  
caster Buttercup, Colonial and many  
other popular makes. Prices from  
\$4 per set of six and up. It will  
pay you to see our bargains.

**CLOONEY,**

**THE JEWELER.**

**The Racket**

We have a full line of ladies' and gent's fall  
and winter Underwear, and the season is ap-  
proaching when such will be in order. Our line  
includes ladies', gent's, misses' and children's  
suites, and our prices range from 8 to 40c. per  
garment. See our goods and note our low prices  
before buying.

We have Hosiery for the infant and adult from  
5 to 15c. per pair.

Men's working Shirts 24 to 49c.  
Overalls 35 to 49c. pair.

Men's Gloves, lined and unlined, at prices from  
10 to 95c. per pair.

Men's coats, lining, of Notions and School Sup-  
plies, including Ink Tablets, Pens, Pencils, etc.

We have just received an invoice of blue and  
white Enamelled Ware which we are selling very  
cheap.

Granite Coffee Pots 25 to 35c.

Lanterns, lamps and lamp goods at our usual  
low prices.

Men's double duplex frame Umbrellas, twenty-  
eight and thirty inches, only 75c.

Ladies' steel-rod Umbrella 39c.

Everything cheap at

**THE RACKET, 48 W. Sec. St., Maysville,**

L. H. YOUNG & CO., PROP'S.

**Ball, Mitchel & Co.,**

Manufacturers of

**STOVE CASTINGS**

and Castings of all kinds. Supplies for machin-  
ery kept in stock.

**NOT SPECIAL ATTENTION TO  
REPAIRING.**

Corner Second and Limestone street, Maysville,  
Ky. "Phone 190.

**Morris C. Hutchins,**

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE—Court street, lately occupied by T. C.  
Campbell, Esq.

**Special attention will be given to real estate  
and collections.**

**NOTICE.**

Persons having claims against Jos. M. Alexander,  
deceased, Jos. M. Alexander & Co. and Alexander & Bro. are  
requested to present same to W. W. Ball, at First National Bank, Maysville, Ky., that proof may be made out if necessary,  
and that all claims may be admitted. JNO. W. ALEXANDER,  
Executor and Surviving Partner.

An exchange says that an old half worn paint-  
brush is the best "dishrag" ever used. It is as  
much superior to the nasty little mops as any-  
thing can be, need never be dry, does not get  
foul and will last for years. It should be a brush  
the butt of which is full of old dry paint. After  
using rinse and throw the water out, and don't  
wash it up. It is the finest thing imaginable for  
washing milk pans.

**OUR  
MR. COHEN**

Is now in Boston, the third trip there this season. This we claim a big advantage over  
other Shoe sellers. Large purchases from the makers, bought for cash, makes it possi-  
ble for us to sell good goods for less money than any one else in Maysville.

**W. H. MEANS, Manager.**

Mr. E. C. Shearer, piano turner of Cin-  
cinnati, will be here next week. Leave  
orders with Miss Lida Berry or Mrs. Joe  
Wood. High grade work solicited. Rates  
reduced—square \$2.50, upright \$3; grand  
\$3.50.

G. W. Rogers & Co., No. 127 Market  
street, Maysville, is the place to get pure,  
straight two-stamp "guaranteed" white-